



## Safety Data Sheet

Copyright, 2017, 3M Company.

All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing 3M products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from 3M, and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

Document Group: 16-3472-4  
Issue Date: 03/31/17

Version Number: 39.00  
Supersedes Date: 04/07/16

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M(TM) Super 77(TM) Multipurpose Adhesive (Aerosol)

#### Product Identification Numbers

62-4977-2924-4, 62-4977-2928-5, 62-4977-4730-3, 62-4977-4922-6, 62-4977-4923-4, 62-4977-4925-9, 62-4977-4929-1, 62-4977-4930-9, 62-4977-4935-8

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use

Adhesive aerosol, General Purpose Aerosol adhesive

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M  
DIVISION: Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division  
ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA  
Telephone: 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Aerosol: Category 1.

Gas Under Pressure: Liquefied gas.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.

Reproductive Toxicity: Category 2.

Simple Asphyxiant.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

### Symbols

Flame | Gas cylinder | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

### Pictograms



### Hazard Statements

Extremely flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Causes damage to organs:  
cardiovascular system |

### Precautionary Statements

#### General:

Keep out of reach of children.

#### Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).

#### Storage:

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F.

Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up in a well-ventilated place.

#### Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Notes to Physician:

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

### 2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents can be harmful or fatal.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient                                                     | C.A.S. No.    | % by Wt                |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Acetone                                                        | 67-64-1       | 20 - 30 Trade Secret * |
| Non-volatile components (N.J.T.S. Registry No. 04499600-6433P) | Trade Secret* | 20 - 30 Trade Secret * |
| Propane                                                        | 74-98-6       | 15 - 25 Trade Secret * |
| Cyclohexane                                                    | 110-82-7      | 10 - 20 Trade Secret * |
| Petroleum distillates                                          | 64742-49-0    | 10 - 20 Trade Secret * |
| Hexane                                                         | 110-54-3      | < 0.5 Trade Secret *   |

\*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

#### Skin Contact:

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

#### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1, Information on toxicological effects.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance  
Aldehydes

Condition  
During Combustion

Carbon monoxide  
Carbon dioxide

During Combustion  
During Combustion

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type | Additional Comments |
|------------|------------|--------|------------|---------------------|
|------------|------------|--------|------------|---------------------|

|             |          |       |                              |                                |
|-------------|----------|-------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Hexane      | 110-54-3 | ACGIH | TWA:50 ppm                   | SKIN                           |
| Hexane      | 110-54-3 | OSHA  | TWA:1800 mg/m3(500 ppm)      |                                |
| Cyclohexane | 110-82-7 | ACGIH | TWA:100 ppm                  |                                |
| Cyclohexane | 110-82-7 | OSHA  | TWA:1050 mg/m3(300 ppm)      |                                |
| Acetone     | 67-64-1  | ACGIH | TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm     | A4; Not class. as human carcin |
| Acetone     | 67-64-1  | OSHA  | TWA:2400 mg/m3(1000 ppm)     |                                |
| Propane     | 74-98-6  | ACGIH | Limit value not established: |                                |
| Propane     | 74-98-6  | OSHA  | TWA:1800 mg/m3(1000 ppm)     |                                |

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl Rubber

Nitrile Rubber

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form:

Liquid aerosol

Specific Physical Form:

Aerosol

Odor, Color, Grade:

Clear, sweet, fruity odor

|                                         |                                                    |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Odor threshold                          | No Data Available                                  |
| pH                                      | No Data Available                                  |
| Melting point                           | No Data Available                                  |
| Boiling Point                           | Not Applicable                                     |
| Flash Point                             | -42.00 °F [Test Method: Tagliabue Closed Cup]      |
| Evaporation rate                        | 1.9 [Ref Std: ETHER=1]                             |
| Flammability (solid, gas)               | Not Applicable                                     |
| Flammable Limits(LEL)                   | No Data Available                                  |
| Flammable Limits(UEL)                   | No Data Available                                  |
| Vapor Density                           | 2.97 [Ref Std: AIR=1]                              |
| Density                                 | 0.726 g/ml                                         |
| Specific Gravity                        | 0.726 [Ref Std: WATER=1]                           |
| Solubility in Water                     | Nil                                                |
| Solubility- non-water                   | No Data Available                                  |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | No Data Available                                  |
| Autoignition temperature                | No Data Available                                  |
| Decomposition temperature               | Not Applicable                                     |
| Viscosity                               | Not Applicable                                     |
| Hazardous Air Pollutants                | <=0.4 % weight [Test Method: Calculated]           |
| VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents          | <=51 % [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] |
| Solids Content                          | >=22.4 %                                           |

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

| <u>Substance</u> | <u>Condition</u> |
|------------------|------------------|
|------------------|------------------|

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| None known. |  |
|-------------|--|

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

**11.1. Information on Toxicological effects****Signs and Symptoms of Exposure**

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

**Inhalation:**

Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal.

Simple Asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

**Skin Contact:**

Dermal Defatting: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, itching, drying and cracking of skin.

**Eye Contact:**

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

**Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

**Additional Health Effects:****Single exposure may cause target organ effects:**

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause:

Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

**Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:**

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity**

| Name            | Route                    | Species | Value                                          |
|-----------------|--------------------------|---------|------------------------------------------------|
| Overall product | Dermal                   |         | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product | Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr)   |         | No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l     |
| Overall product | Ingestion                |         | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Propane         | Inhalation-Gas (4 hours) | Rat     | LC50 > 200,000 ppm                             |

|                                                                |                            |        |                                          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|------------------------------------------|
| Acetone                                                        | Dermal                     | Rabbit | LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg                      |
| Acetone                                                        | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat    | LC50 76 mg/l                             |
| Acetone                                                        | Ingestion                  | Rat    | LD50 5,800 mg/kg                         |
| Cyclohexane                                                    | Dermal                     | Rat    | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg                       |
| Cyclohexane                                                    | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat    | LC50 > 32.9 mg/l                         |
| Cyclohexane                                                    | Ingestion                  | Rat    | LD50 6,200 mg/kg                         |
| Petroleum distillates                                          | Dermal                     | Rabbit | LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg                       |
| Petroleum distillates                                          | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat    | LC50 > 14.7 mg/l                         |
| Petroleum distillates                                          | Ingestion                  | Rat    | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg                       |
| Non-volatile components (N.J.T.S. Registry No. 04499600-6433P) | Dermal                     |        | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg       |
| Non-volatile components (N.J.T.S. Registry No. 04499600-6433P) | Ingestion                  |        | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Hexane                                                         | Dermal                     | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg                       |
| Hexane                                                         | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat    | LC50 170 mg/l                            |
| Hexane                                                         | Ingestion                  | Rat    | LD50 > 28,700 mg/kg                      |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

#### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name                                                           | Species                | Value              |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| Propane                                                        | Rabbit                 | Minimal irritation |
| Acetone                                                        | Mouse                  | Minimal irritation |
| Cyclohexane                                                    | Rabbit                 | Mild irritant      |
| Petroleum distillates                                          | Rabbit                 | Irritant           |
| Non-volatile components (N.J.T.S. Registry No. 04499600-6433P) | Professional judgement | Minimal irritation |
| Hexane                                                         | Human and animal       | Mild irritant      |

#### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Name                  | Species | Value           |
|-----------------------|---------|-----------------|
| Propane               | Rabbit  | Mild irritant   |
| Acetone               | Rabbit  | Severe irritant |
| Cyclohexane           | Rabbit  | Mild irritant   |
| Petroleum distillates | Rabbit  | Mild irritant   |
| Hexane                | Rabbit  | Mild irritant   |

#### Skin Sensitization

| Name                  | Species    | Value           |
|-----------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Petroleum distillates | Guinea pig | Not sensitizing |
| Hexane                | Human      | Not sensitizing |

#### Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name    | Route    | Value         |
|---------|----------|---------------|
| Propane | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |



|                       |          |                                                                              |
|-----------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Acetone               | In vivo  | Not mutagenic                                                                |
| Acetone               | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Cyclohexane           | In Vitro | Not mutagenic                                                                |
| Cyclohexane           | In vivo  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Petroleum distillates | In Vitro | Not mutagenic                                                                |
| Hexane                | In Vitro | Not mutagenic                                                                |
| Hexane                | In vivo  | Not mutagenic                                                                |

**Carcinogenicity**

| Name                  | Route         | Species                 | Value                                                                        |
|-----------------------|---------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Acetone               | Not Specified | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic                                                             |
| Petroleum distillates | Inhalation    | Mouse                   | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Hexane                | Dermal        | Mouse                   | Not carcinogenic                                                             |
| Hexane                | Inhalation    | Mouse                   | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |

**Reproductive Toxicity****Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

| Name        | Route      | Value                                                                                          | Species | Test Result           | Exposure Duration    |
|-------------|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Acetone     | Ingestion  | Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat     | NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks             |
| Acetone     | Inhalation | Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification     | Rat     | NOAEL 5.2 mg/l        | during organogenesis |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | Not toxic to female reproduction                                                               | Rat     | NOAEL 24 mg/l         | 2 generation         |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | Not toxic to male reproduction                                                                 | Rat     | NOAEL 24 mg/l         | 2 generation         |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification     | Rat     | NOAEL 6.9 mg/l        | 2 generation         |
| Hexane      | Ingestion  | Not toxic to development                                                                       | Mouse   | NOAEL 2,200 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis |
| Hexane      | Inhalation | Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification     | Rat     | NOAEL 0.7 mg/l        | during gestation     |
| Hexane      | Ingestion  | Toxic to male reproduction                                                                     | Rat     | NOAEL 1,140 mg/kg/day | 90 days              |
| Hexane      | Inhalation | Toxic to male reproduction                                                                     | Rat     | LOAEL 3.52 mg/l       | 28 days              |

**Target Organ(s)****Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

| Name    | Route      | Target Organ(s)                   | Value                             | Species | Test Result         | Exposure Duration |
|---------|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Propane | Inhalation | cardiac sensitization             | Causes damage to organs           | Human   | NOAEL Not available |                   |
| Propane | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human   | NOAEL Not available |                   |
| Propane | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | All data are negative             | Human   | NOAEL Not available |                   |
| Acetone | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human   | NOAEL Not available |                   |
| Acetone | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the | Human   | NOAEL Not           |                   |

|                       |            |                                   |                                                                              |                        |                     |                        |
|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
|                       |            |                                   | data are not sufficient for classification                                   |                        | available           |                        |
| Acetone               | Inhalation | immune system                     | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human                  | NOAEL 1.19 mg/l     | 6 hours                |
| Acetone               | Inhalation | liver                             | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Guinea pig             | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Acetone               | Ingestion  | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness                                            | Human                  | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Cyclohexane           | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness                                            | Human and animal       | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Cyclohexane           | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human and animal       | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Cyclohexane           | Ingestion  | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness                                            | Professional judgement | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Petroleum distillates | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness                                            | Human and animal       | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Petroleum distillates | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |                        | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Petroleum distillates | Ingestion  | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness                                            | Professional judgement | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Hexane                | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness                                            | Human                  | NOAEL Not available | not available          |
| Hexane                | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rabbit                 | NOAEL Not available | 8 hours                |
| Hexane                | Inhalation | respiratory system                | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat                    | NOAEL 24.6 mg/l     | 8 hours                |

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure**

| Name    | Route      | Target Organ(s)       | Value                                                                        | Species    | Test Result           | Exposure Duration |
|---------|------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Acetone | Dermal     | eyes                  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Guinea pig | NOAEL Not available   | 3 weeks           |
| Acetone | Inhalation | hematopoietic system  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human      | NOAEL 3 mg/l          | 6 weeks           |
| Acetone | Inhalation | immune system         | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human      | NOAEL 1.19 mg/l       | 6 days            |
| Acetone | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Guinea pig | NOAEL 119 mg/l        | not available     |
| Acetone | Inhalation | heart & liver         | All data are negative                                                        | Rat        | NOAEL 45 mg/l         | 8 weeks           |
| Acetone | Ingestion  | kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat        | NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day   | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone | Ingestion  | heart                 | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat        | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone | Ingestion  | hematopoietic system  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat        | NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day   | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone | Ingestion  | liver                 | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for                | Mouse      | NOAEL 3,896           | 14 days           |

|             |            |                                                                                                        | classification                                                                     |        | mg/kg/day                    |                          |
|-------------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Acetone     | Ingestion  | eyes                                                                                                   | All data are negative                                                              | Rat    | NOAEL<br>3,400<br>mg/kg/day  | 13 weeks                 |
| Acetone     | Ingestion  | respiratory system                                                                                     | All data are negative                                                              | Rat    | NOAEL<br>2,500<br>mg/kg/day  | 13 weeks                 |
| Acetone     | Ingestion  | muscles                                                                                                | All data are negative                                                              | Rat    | NOAEL<br>2,500 mg/kg         | 13 weeks                 |
| Acetone     | Ingestion  | skin   bone, teeth,<br>nails, and/or hair                                                              | All data are negative                                                              | Mouse  | NOAEL<br>11,298<br>mg/kg/day | 13 weeks                 |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | liver                                                                                                  | Some positive data exist, but the<br>data are not sufficient for<br>classification | Rat    | NOAEL 24<br>mg/l             | 90 days                  |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | auditory system                                                                                        | Some positive data exist, but the<br>data are not sufficient for<br>classification | Rat    | NOAEL 1.7<br>mg/l            | 90 days                  |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | kidney and/or<br>bladder                                                                               | Some positive data exist, but the<br>data are not sufficient for<br>classification | Rabbit | NOAEL 2.7<br>mg/l            | 10 weeks                 |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | hematopoietic<br>system                                                                                | Some positive data exist, but the<br>data are not sufficient for<br>classification | Mouse  | NOAEL 24<br>mg/l             | 14 weeks                 |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | peripheral nervous<br>system                                                                           | All data are negative                                                              | Rat    | NOAEL 8.6<br>mg/l            | 30 weeks                 |
| Hexane      | Inhalation | peripheral nervous<br>system                                                                           | Causes damage to organs through<br>prolonged or repeated exposure                  | Human  | NOAEL Not<br>available       | occupational<br>exposure |
| Hexane      | Inhalation | respiratory system                                                                                     | Some positive data exist, but the<br>data are not sufficient for<br>classification | Mouse  | LOAEL 1.76<br>mg/l           | 13 weeks                 |
| Hexane      | Inhalation | liver                                                                                                  | Some positive data exist, but the<br>data are not sufficient for<br>classification | Rat    | NOAEL Not<br>available       | 6 months                 |
| Hexane      | Inhalation | kidney and/or<br>bladder                                                                               | Some positive data exist, but the<br>data are not sufficient for<br>classification | Rat    | LOAEL 1.76<br>mg/l           | 6 months                 |
| Hexane      | Inhalation | hematopoietic<br>system                                                                                | Some positive data exist, but the<br>data are not sufficient for<br>classification | Mouse  | NOAEL 35.2<br>mg/l           | 13 weeks                 |
| Hexane      | Inhalation | auditory system  <br>immune system  <br>eyes                                                           | Some positive data exist, but the<br>data are not sufficient for<br>classification | Human  | NOAEL Not<br>available       | occupational<br>exposure |
| Hexane      | Inhalation | heart   skin  <br>endocrine system                                                                     | All data are negative                                                              | Rat    | NOAEL 1.76<br>mg/l           | 6 months                 |
| Hexane      | Ingestion  | peripheral nervous<br>system                                                                           | Some positive data exist, but the<br>data are not sufficient for<br>classification | Rat    | NOAEL<br>1,140<br>mg/kg/day  | 90 days                  |
| Hexane      | Ingestion  | endocrine system  <br>hematopoietic<br>system   liver  <br>immune system  <br>kidney and/or<br>bladder | Some positive data exist, but the<br>data are not sufficient for<br>classification | Rat    | NOAEL Not<br>available       | 13 weeks                 |

**Aspiration Hazard**

| Name                  | Value             |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Cyclohexane           | Aspiration hazard |
| Petroleum distillates | Aspiration hazard |
| Hexane                | Aspiration hazard |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

### Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable)

## SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

### 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes    Pressure Hazard - Yes    Reactivity Hazard - No    Immediate Hazard - Yes    Delayed  
Hazard - Yes

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

| <u>Ingredient</u> | <u>C.A.S. No</u> | <u>% by Wt</u>       |
|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Cyclohexane       | 110-82-7         | Trade Secret 10 - 20 |

### 15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

### 15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

### 15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## SECTION 16: Other information

**NFPA Hazard Classification**

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None  
Aerosol Storage Code: 3

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

**HMIS Hazard Classification**

Health: \*2 Flammability: 4 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS® IV) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS® IV ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® IV program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).

Document Group: 16-3472-4  
Issue Date: 03/31/17

Version Number: 39.00  
Supersedes Date: 04/07/16

**Reason for Reissue**

Conversion to GHS format SDS.

**DISCLAIMER:** The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. 3M MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. User is responsible for determining whether the 3M product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of a 3M product, some of which are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluate the 3M product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application.

3M provides information in electronic form as a service to its customers. Due to the remote possibility that electronic transfer may have resulted in errors, omissions or alterations in this information, 3M makes no representations as to its completeness or accuracy. In addition, information obtained from a database may not be as current as the information in the SDS available directly from 3M.

3M USA SDSs are available at [www.3M.com](http://www.3M.com)

