SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier: STAINLESS STEEL POLISH - OIL BASE - K01010

Other means of identification
SDS number: RE1000040328

Recommended restrictions
Product use: Cleaner
Restrictions on use: Not known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Distributor Information

Manufacturer

Company Name:	VICTORIA BAY PRODUCTS
Address:	255 ROUTE 1 & 9 JERSEY CITY, NJ 07306
Telephone:	800-226-3233
Fax:	

Emergency telephone number: 1-866-836-8855

2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard Classification

Physical Hazards

Flammable aerosol	Category 1

Health Hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2A
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure	Category 3[1.]
Aspiration Hazard	Category 1

Target Organs
1. Narcotic effect.

Label Elements

Hazard Symbol:



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement:
Extremely flammable aerosol.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	20 - <50%
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	20 - <50%
Propane	74-98-6	10 - <20%
2-Propanone	67-64-1	10 - <20%
Acetic acid, methyl ester	79-20-9	5 - <10%
Methanol	67-56-1	0.1 - <1%

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Ingestion: Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Never give liquid to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Inhalation: Move to fresh air.

Skin Contact: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eye contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms: No data available.

Hazards: No data available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment:	No data available.

5. Fire-fighting measures

General Fire Hazards:	Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fight fire from a protected location. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:	Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical:	Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures:	No data available.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:	Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep upwind.
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:	Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste.
Notification Procedures:	Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk.
Environmental Precautions:	Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:	Avoid contact with eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:	Store locked up. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Aerosol Level 3

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical Identity	Type	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	REL	100 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light - Non-aerosol. - as total hydrocarbon vapor	TWA	200 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	200 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
White mineral oil (petroleum) - Mist.	REL	5 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
White mineral oil (petroleum) - Inhalable fraction.	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (01 2010)
Propane	REL	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
2-Propanone	STEL	1,000 ppm 2,400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	PEL	1,000 ppm 2,400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	250 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2015)
	TWA	750 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	500 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2015)
	REL	250 ppm 590 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Acetic acid, methyl ester	REL	200 ppm 610 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	STEL	250 ppm 760 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	200 ppm 610 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	250 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	200 ppm 610 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	250 ppm 760 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	200 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
Methanol	REL	200 ppm 260 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	200 ppm 260 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	200 ppm 260 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	250 ppm 325 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	200 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	250 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	250 ppm 325 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)

Biological Limit Values

Chemical Identity	Exposure Limit Values	Source
2-Propanone (acetone: Sampling time: End of shift.)	25 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2015)
Methanol (methanol: Sampling time: End of shift.)	15 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)

Appropriate Engineering Controls No data available.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information:	Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
Eye/face protection:	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin Protection	
Hand Protection:	No data available.
Other:	Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory Protection:	In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from local supervisor.
Hygiene measures:	Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid contact with eyes. When using do not smoke.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state:	liquid
Form:	Spray Aerosol
Color:	No data available.
Odor:	No data available.
Odor threshold:	No data available.
pH:	No data available.
Melting point/freezing point:	No data available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	No data available.
Flash Point:	Estimated -104.4 °C
Evaporation rate:	No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas):	No data available.
Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - upper (%):	Estimated 12.3 %(V)
Flammability limit - lower (%):	Estimated 1.6 %(V)
Explosive limit - upper (%):	No data available.
Explosive limit - lower (%):	No data available.
Vapor pressure:	3,447 - 4,826 hPa (20 °C)
Vapor density:	No data available.
Density:	Estimated 0.71 g/cm3
Relative density:	No data available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in water:	No data available.
Solubility (other):	No data available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Estimated 322.15 °C
Decomposition temperature:	No data available.
Viscosity:	No data available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No data available.

Chemical Stability: Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: No data available.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid heat or contamination.

Incompatible Materials: No data available.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: No data available.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation: No data available.

Skin Contact: No data available.

Eye contact: No data available.

Ingestion: No data available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: No data available.

Skin Contact: No data available.

Eye contact: No data available.

Ingestion: No data available.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
2-Propanone	LD 50 (Rat): 5,800 mg/kg
Acetic acid, methyl ester	LD 50 (Rat): 6,482 mg/kg
Methanol	LD 50: 100 mg/kg LD 50 (Rat): > 1,187 - 2,769 mg/kg

Dermal

Product: ATEmix: 363,561.59 mg/kg

Inhalation

Product: ATEmix: 427.72 mg/l

Repeated dose toxicity

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): >= 24 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female), Oral, 70 - 147 d): 750 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key study
White mineral oil (petroleum)	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 90 d): >= 20,000 ppm(m) Oral Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rabbit(Female, Male), Dermal): 1,000 mg/kg Dermal Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 210 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Propane	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 4,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 12,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
2-Propanone	NOAEL (Rat(Male), Oral, 13 Weeks): 10,000 ppm(m) Oral Experimental result, Key study
Acetic acid, methyl ester	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 28 d): 350 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 28 d): 2,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Methanol	LOAEL (Rat(Male), Inhalation, 1 - 6 Weeks): 13.3 mg/l Inhalation Experimental result, Supporting study

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
White mineral oil (petroleum)	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
2-Propanone	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Supporting study
Acetic acid, methyl ester	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
Methanol	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating
2-Propanone	Irritating. Rabbit, 24 hrs: Minimum grade of severe eye irritant
Acetic acid, methyl ester	Rabbit: Irritating

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
2-Propanone	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
Methanol	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

Carcinogenicity

Product: No data available.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

No carcinogenic components identified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

In vitro

Product: No data available.

In vivo

Product: No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone	Inhalation - vapor: Narcotic effect. - Category 3 with narcotic effects.
Methanol	Causes damage to organs.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Product: No data available.

Target Organs

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: Narcotic effect.

Aspiration Hazard

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
White mineral oil (petroleum)	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other effects: No data available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil (petroleum)	NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): >= 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study LL 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): > 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Propane	LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study
2-Propanone	LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 5,540 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Acetic acid, methyl ester	LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h): 295 - 348 mg/l Mortality LC 50 (Danio rerio, 48 h): 250 - 350 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Methanol	EC 50 (Lepomis macrochirus, 96 h): 12,700 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil (petroleum)	NOAEL (Daphnia magna, 48 h): >= 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
2-Propanone	LC 50 (Daphnia pulex, 48 h): 8,800 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Acetic acid, methyl ester	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 1,026.7 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Methanol	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 96 h): 18,260 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 0.098 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study
White mineral oil (petroleum)	NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): >= 1,000 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting study
Methanol	EC 50 (Oryzias latipes): 9,164 mg/l Experimental result, Supporting study

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil (petroleum)	NOAEL (Daphnia magna): >= 1,000 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting study
2-Propanone	LOAEL (Daphnia magna): 2,212 mg/l Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 2,212 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Methanol	NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 122 mg/l Experimental result, Supporting study

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Product: No data available.

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	61 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study
White mineral oil (petroleum)	31 % (28 d) Detected in water. Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Supporting study
Propane	100 % (385.5 h) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study 50 % (3.19 d) Detected in water. QSAR, Weight of Evidence study
2-Propanone	90.9 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study
Acetic acid, methyl ester	70 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study
Methanol	97 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

BOD/COD Ratio

Product: No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone	Haddock, adult, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 0.69 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Not specified
Methanol	Leuciscus idus, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): < 10 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Supporting study

Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Product: No data available.

Mobility in soil: No data available.

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	No data available.
White mineral oil (petroleum)	No data available.
Propane	No data available.
2-Propanone	No data available.
Acetic acid, methyl ester	No data available.
Methanol	No data available.

Other adverse effects: No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions: Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.

Contaminated Packaging: No data available.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN Number:	UN 1950
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	2.1
Label(s):	–
Packing Group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	No
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

IMDG

UN Number:	UN 1950
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	2
Label(s):	–
EmS No.:	
Packing Group:	–
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

IATA

UN Number:	UN 1950
Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es):	
Class:	2.1
Label(s):	–
Packing Group:	–
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

Restrictions on use: Not known.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

Chemical Identity	Reportable quantity
Propane	lbs. 100
2-Propanone	lbs. 5000
Acetic acid, methyl ester	lbs. 100
Methanol	lbs. 5000

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Fire Hazard
Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards
Flammable aerosol
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
Aspiration Hazard

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

Chemical Identity	Reportable quantity	Threshold Planning Quantity
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		
2-Propanone		
Acetic acid, methyl ester		

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

Chemical Identity	Reportable quantity
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	
Propane	lbs. 100
2-Propanone	lbs. 5000
Acetic acid, methyl ester	lbs. 100
Methanol	lbs. 5000

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

Chemical Identity	Threshold Planning Quantity
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10000 lbs
White mineral oil (petroleum)	10000 lbs
Propane	10000 lbs
2-Propanone	10000 lbs
Acetic acid, methyl ester	10000 lbs
Methanol	10000 lbs

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):

Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

US State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Methanol	Developmental toxin. 03 2012

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Chemical Identity
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
White mineral oil (petroleum)
Propane
2-Propanone
Acetic acid, methyl ester

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

No ingredient regulated by MA Right-to-Know Law present.

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Chemical Identity

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
White mineral oil (petroleum)
Propane
2-Propanone
Acetic acid, methyl ester

US. Rhode Island RTK

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

International regulations

Montreal protocol

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
2-Propanone
Acetic acid, methyl ester

Stockholm convention

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
2-Propanone
Acetic acid, methyl ester

Rotterdam convention

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
2-Propanone
Acetic acid, methyl ester

Kyoto protocol

Inventory Status:

Australia AICS:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Canada DSL Inventory List:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Canada NDSL Inventory:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Ontario Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Japan (ENCS) List:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Japan ISHL Listing:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):	On or in compliance with the inventory
Mexico INSQ:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Philippines PICCS:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
US TSCA Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:	Not in compliance with the inventory.

16.Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date:	02/27/2020
Revision Information:	No data available.
Version #:	1.0
Further Information:	No data available.
Disclaimer:	This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.