

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Staining solution alcoholic

Revision date: 19.06.2020

Product code: 10369_collect

Page 1 of 15

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Staining solution alcoholic

Further trade names

- This MSDS covers the following products in all container sizes:
- REF 10369.xxxxx Safron du Gatinais, Farbe orange
- REF 11125.xxxxx Luxol Fast Blue Lösung, Farbe blau
- REF 11442.xxxxx Papanicolaou Lösung 3b Polychrom EA 50, Farbe blaugrün
- REF 11445.xxxxx Papanicolaou Lösung 3c Polychrom EA 65, Farbe rot
- REF 11448.xxxxx Papanicolaou Lösung 3d Polychrom EA 65, Farbe blaugrün
- REF 11433.xxxxx Papanicolaou Lösung OG6 (Pap 2a), Farbe orange-rot
- REF 11436.xxxxx Papanicolaou Lösung Orange II (Pap 2b), Farbe orange-rot
- REF 11524.xxxxx Alcianblau 1 %, alkoholisch
- REF 11745.xxxxx Safranin, alkoholisch
- REF 11957.xxxxx Papanicolaou Lösung 2a ('S') Orange G, Farbe orange-rot
- REF 12012.xxxxx Papanicolaou Lösung 2b ('S') Orange II, Farbe orange-rot
- REF 12298.xxxxx Rhodamin-Lösung für die Fettfärbung, Farbe rosa-rot
- REF 12315.xxxxx Rhodanin-Lösung für Kupfernachweis, Farbe orange
- REF 12480.xxxxx Orceinlösung alkoholisch, Farbe rot
- REF 12554.xxxxx Mucikarmin Stammlösung (nach SOUTHGATE)
- REF 12497.xxxxx Toluidinblau 1%ig, alkoholisch, Farbe blau
- REF 13522.xxxxx Mucikarmin Stammlösung (Original nach Mayer)
- REF 13656.xxxxx Indikatorlösung pH 3,8 5,4 (Bromkresolgrün)
- REF 13812.xxxxx Oelrot O, alkoholisch
- REF 13733.xxxxx Eosin gelblich ~ 2% in Ethanol 70%
- REF 13799.xxxxx Indikatorlösung pH 5,2 6,8 (Bromkresolpurpur)
- REF 14853.xxxxx Alkalische Kochsalzlösung
- REF 14297.xxxxx Phenolphthalein Indikatorlösung
- REF 15817.xxxxx Orceinlösung, alkoholisch mit Salzsäure
- REF 15845.xxxxx Sudan III 0,2 %, alkoholisch
- REF 15448.xxxxx Sudan IV 2,5%ig, alkoholisch
- REF 15718.xxxxx Phenolphthalein zur Karbonatisierungsprüfung
- REF 16394.xxxxx Sudan III 1 %, alkoholisch
- REF 18262.xxxxx Sudan III Stammlösung
- REF 18147.xxxxx Sudanschwarz 0,1%, alkoholisch
- REF 12470.xxxxx Methylenblau, alkoholisch
- REF 14971.xxxxx Methylenblau, alkoholisch für die Parasitologie
- REF 17515.xxxxx Bromthymolblaulösung 0,04 %, alkoholisch

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Use as laboratory reagent. Intended for scientific research and development.

Uses advised against

Any non-intended use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:	MORPHISTO GmbH
Street:	Weismüllerstr. 45
Place:	D-60314 Frankfurt am Main
Telephone:	+49 (0) 69 / 400 3019-60
e-mail:	info@morphisto.de
Internet:	http://www.morphisto.de

Telefax: +49 (0) 69 / 400 3019-64



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Staining solution alcoholic

Revision date: 19.06.2020

Product code: 10369_collect

Page 2 of 15

1.4. Emergency telephone

Poison Information Center Mainz, Germany, Tel: +49(0)6131/19240

<u>number:</u>

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Hazard categories: Flammable liquid: Flam. Liq. 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Eye Irrit. 2 Hazard Statements: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation.

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Signal word:

Pictograms:



Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

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P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No
	smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or through use, explosive/highly flammable mixtures may develop. The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Chemical characterization

Ethanol, dye



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Staining solution alcoholic

Revision date: 19.06.2020

Product code: 10369_collect

Page 3 of 15

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name	Chemical name			
	EC No	Index No	REACH No		
	GHS Classification		•		
64-17-5	ethanol, ethyl alcohol			95 - <= 100 %	
	200-578-6	603-002-00-5	01-2119457610-43		
	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2; H225 H31	9			
17927-65-0	Aluminium sulfate hydrate		1 - < 5 %		
	Eye Dam. 1; H318				
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl ketone			1 - < 5 %	
	201-159-0	606-002-00-3	01-2119457290-43		
	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3; H225 H319 H336 EUH066				
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol			1 - < 5 %	
	200-661-7	603-117-00-0	01-2119457558-25		
	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3; H225 H319 H336				

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Further Information

Product does not contain listed SVHC substances > 0,1 % according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Article 59 (REACH)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down. In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

After inhalation

Provide fresh air. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. In case of allergic symptoms, especially in the breathing area, seek medical advice immediately.

After contact with skin

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash with plenty of water. In case of skin irritation, seek medical treatment.

After contact with eyes

Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye-bath or water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

After ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Let water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect). Seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute effects: Mucous membrane irritation after eye contact or inhalation.

Delayed effects: Impairment of inhibitory functions of the central nervous system, skin redness, nausea after ingestion of large amounts.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Staining solution alcoholic

Revision date: 19.06.2020

Product code: 10369_collect

Page 4 of 15

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry extinguishing powder. alcohol resistant foam. Atomized water.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Highly flammable. The formation of combustible vapours is possible at temperatures above: 7°C. Vapours are heavier than air and will spread at floor level. Can be released in case of fire: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Additional information

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

Wear personal protection equipment. (refer to chapter 8)

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Ventilate affected area.

Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Wear personal protection equipment. (See section 8.) Use extractor hood (laboratory).

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Flammable vapours can accumulate in head space of closed systems. Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

Further information on handling

General protection and hygiene measures: refer to chapter 8

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep/Store only in original container. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Protect against direct sunlight.

Ensure adequate ventilation of the storage area. Concentrated vapours are heavier than air.

Suitable material for Container: Stainless steel. (1.4301 (V2), 1.4401 (V4)); iron. solvent resistant plastics. Unsuitable materials for Container: Aluminium. Rubber, various plastics.

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Staining solution alcoholic

Revision date: 19.06.2020

Product code: 10369_collect

Page 5 of 15

Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Gas. Explosives. Flammable solids. Pyrophoric liquids and solids. Self-heating substances and mixtures. Substances or mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases. Oxidizing liquids.ammonium nitrate. Self-reactive substances and mixtures. Organic peroxides. Non-combustible toxic substances. Radioactive substances. Infectious substances.

Further information on storage conditions

Recommended storage temperature: 5-15°C Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight. heat. Cold.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
78-93-3	Butan-2-one (methyl ethyl ketone)	200	600		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		300	899		STEL (15 min)	WEL
64-17-5	Ethanol	1000	1920		TWA (8 h)	WEL
67-63-0	Propan-2-ol	400	999		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		500	1250		STEL (15 min)	WEL

Biological Monitoring Guidance Values (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	Parameter	Value	Test material	Sampling time
78-93-3	Butan-2-one	butan-2-one	70 µmol/L	urine	Post shift

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance				
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value	
64-17-5	ethanol, ethyl alcohol				
Worker DNE	L, acute	inhalation	local	1900 mg/m³	
Worker DNE	L, long-term	dermal	systemic	343 mg/kg bw/day	
Worker DNE	L, long-term	inhalation	systemic	950 mg/m³	
Consumer D	NEL, acute	inhalation	local	950 mg/m³	
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	206 mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer D	NEL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	114 mg/m³	
Consumer D	NEL, long-term	oral	systemic	87 mg/kg bw/day	
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol				
Worker DNE	L, long-term	inhalation	systemic	500 mg/m³	
Consumer D	NEL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	89 mg/m³	
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	888 mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	26 mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer D	NEL, long-term	dermal	systemic	319 mg/kg bw/day	



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Staining solution alcoholic

Revision date: 19.06.2020

Product code: 10369_collect

Page 6 of 15

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance				
Environment	Environmental compartment Value				
64-17-5	ethanol, ethyl alcohol				
Freshwater		0,96 mg/l			
Freshwater ((intermittent releases)	2,75 mg/l			
Marine wate	r	0,79 mg/l			
Marine wate	r (intermittent releases)	2,75 mg/l			
Freshwater s	sediment	3,6 mg/kg			
Marine sedir	nent	2,9 mg/kg			
Secondary poisoning		0,72 mg/kg			
Micro-organi	isms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	580 mg/l			
Soil		0,63 mg/kg			
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol				
Freshwater		140,9 mg/l			
Marine wate	r	140,9 mg/l			
Freshwater sediment		552 mg/kg			
Marine sediment		552 mg/kg			
Secondary p	160 mg/kg				
Soil		28 mg/kg			

8.2. Exposure controls



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation.

If local exhaust ventilation is not possible or not sufficient, the entire working area should be ventilated by technical means.

Use extractor hood (laboratory).

Protective and hygiene measures

Always close containers tightly after the removal of product. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Take off contaminated clothing. Protect skin by using skin protective cream.

Eye/face protection

Tightly sealed safety glasses. DIN EN 166

Hand protection

In case of prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact:

Tested protective gloves are to be worn:

Suitable material:

Butyl rubber. (0,7 mm, Breakthrough time >=480 min, penetration time (maximum wearing period): 160 min): NBR (Nitrile rubber). (0,4 mm, Breakthrough time >=120 min, penetration time (maximum wearing period): 40 min)

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Before using check leak tightness / impermeability. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Staining solution alcoholic

Revision date: 19.06.2020

Product code: 10369_collect

Page 7 of 15

Skin protection

Protective clothing. (fire retardant.)

Minimum standard for preventive measures while handling with working materials are specified in the TRGS

500 (D).

Respiratory protection

With correct and proper use, and under normal conditions, breathing protection is not required.

Respiratory protection necessary at:

Insufficient ventilation.

exceeding exposure limit values

generation/formation of aerosols

Suitable respiratory protective equipment:

gas filtering equipment (EN 141). Type : A

The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Colour: Odour:	liquid different Ethanol.	
pH-Value:		not determined
Changes in the physical state		
Melting point:		not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:		~78 °C
Sublimation point:		not determined
Softening point:		not determined
Pour point:		not determined
Flash point:		12(Ethanol) °C

Explosive properties

Vapours of flammable solvents can accumulate in the gas phase of closed container, especially during heat treatment. Therefore keep away from fire and sources of ignition.

Lower explosion limits:	(Ethanol 100%) 3,3 vol. %
Upper explosion limits:	(Ethanol 100%) 19 vol. %
Ignition temperature:	~425 °C
Auto-ignition temperature Gas:	not determined
Oxidizing properties none	
Vapour pressure: (at 20 °C)	(Ethanol 100%) 59 hPa
Vapour pressure: (at 50 °C)	(Ethanol 100%) 280 hPa
Density (at 20 °C):	0,80 - 0,85 g/cm³
Water solubility:	completely miscible



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

	Staining solution alcoholic	
Revision date: 19.06.2020	Product code: 10369_collect	Page 8 of 15
Solubility in other solvents not determined		
Viscosity / dynamic:	not determined	
Viscosity / kinematic:	not determined	
Flow time:	not determined	
Vapour density:	not determined	
Evaporation rate:	not determined	
Solvent separation test:	not determined	
Solvent content:	not determined	
9.2. Other information		
Solid content:	not determined	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Explosion risk in contact with: Oxidizing agents, strong. nitric acid. Hydrogenium peroxide. Exothermic reactions with: Alkali metals. Alkaline earth metals. Reducing agents, strong.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Protect against direct sunlight. Protect from moisture. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting. Recommended storage temperature: < 40 °C

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Alkali metals. Acid chlorides. Oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Can be released in case of fire: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

Adsorption.

Ethanol has a low molecular weight and has a good water and fat solubility. Therefor it can be adsorbed well in the entire gastrointestinal tract, lungs and the skin. After swallowing approximately 90% is taken up via the gastrointestinal tract. When inhaled, this value is 61%. Because of the rapid evaporation of ethanol the dermal adsorption is very limited; theoretically 21% can be accommodated, however, the absorption rate of uncovered skin is only 1 to 2%.

Distribution:

Regardless of the exposure pathway ethanol is distributed via the bloodstream throughout the body, comparable to the distribution of water. Highly perfused organs (brain, lung and liver) are passed quickly. An equal distribution between tissue and blood is reached after 1 to 1.5 h.

metabolism:

Even before the absorption a small proportion of ethanol is enzymatically metabolized in the stomach (alcohol dehydrogenase). After absorption ethanol is preferably metabolized in the liver (92-95%) and partly in the kidneys and lungs. Metabolism occurs usually in three steps: 1. oxidation of ethanol to acetaldehyde; 2.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Staining solution alcoholic

Revision date: 19.06.2020

Product code: 10369_collect

Page 9 of 15

oxidation of acetaldehyde to acetate; 3. oxidation of acetate to carbon dioxide and water

elimination:

The vast majority of ethanol is eliminated by metabolism, the excretion via breath, urine and sweat plays a minor role. The maximum elimination of ethanol is estimated on the 127 mg / kgbw / h.

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method
64-17-5	ethanol, ethyl alcohol					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	>5000	Rat	ECHA Dossier	
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 mg/l	124,7	Rat	ECHA Dossier	
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl k	etone				
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	>2000	Rabbit	ECHA Dossier	
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl al	cohol; isoproj	panol			
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	>5000	Rat	ECHA Dossier	
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	>5000	Rabbit	ECHA Dossier	

Irritation and corrosivity

Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Irritant effect on the skin: slightly irritant but not relevant for classification. Ethanol.: Specific concentration limit (SCL): Eye Irrit. 2 > 50%

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

The product is: not sensitising. The statement is derived form the properties of the components.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ethanol. (CAS-No.: 64-17-5):

In-vitro mutagenicity: No experimental indications of mutagenicity in-vitro exist.

Reproductive toxicity: Exposure time: 18 weeks; Species: CD-1 Mouse. Method: OECD Guideline 416; Result: NOAEL = 20700 mg/kg/day. Developmental toxicity/teratogenicity: Exposure time: 19d; Species:

Sprague-Dawley Rat. Method: OECD Guideline 414; Result: NOAEL = 16000 ppm (maternal toxicity), Result: NOAEL >= 20000 ppm (teratogenicity); Literature information: ECHA Dossier

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ethanol. (CAS-No.: 64-17-5):

Subchronic oral toxicity: Exposure time: 90d; Species: Sprague-Dawley Rat. Method: OECD Guideline 408; Result: NOAEL = 1280 mg/kg; Literature information: ECHA Dossier

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

not known

Practical experience



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Staining solution alcoholic

Revision date: 19.06.2020

Product code: 10369_collect

Page 10 of 15

Other observations

Depending on the ingested quantity the following symptoms can be induced: a reduction of inhibitions, euphoria but also dysphoria, aggressiveness, impaired motoric skills, impaired responsiveness, blurred vision and fatigue.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ethanol. (CAS-No.: 64-17-5):

Acute earthworm toxicity: LC50 (48h) = <1mg/cm2 (Eisenia fetida, non-guideline study) Acute plant toxicity: EC50 (6d) = 11800 mg/l (Allium cepa, non-guideline study) Sediment organisms: LC59 (18h) = 8200 mg/l (Hyallela sp, non-guideline study)

CAS No	Chemical name							
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] [d]	Species	Source	Method	
64-17-5	ethanol, ethyl alcohol							
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	14200	96 h	Pimephales promelas	ECHA Dossier		
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	275 mg/l	72 h	Chlorella vulgaris	ECHA Dossier		
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	5012	48 h	Ceriodaphnia dubia	ECHA Dossier		
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	9,6 mg/l	9 d	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier		
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl ketone							
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	1656	96 h	Pimephales promelas	ECHA Dossier		
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	1982	72 h	Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	ECHA Dossier		
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	308 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier		
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol							
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	9640	96 h	Pimephales promelas	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 203	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	1800		Scenedesmus quadricauda	ECHA Dossier		
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	>10000	48 h	Daphnia magna (24h)	ECHA Dossier	OECD Guideline 202	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ethanol. (CAS-No.: 64-17-5): Chemical Oyxgen Demand (COD): CSB = 1900 mg/g Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD): BSB5 = 1000 mg/g Abiotic degradation in water: Hydrolysis t 1/2 (20°C, pH 7) = >1 - <36 a. Abiotic degradation in Air t 1/2 (Air.) = 38 d; 1/2 (Air. 100 ppm NO2) = 11,5 h



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Staining solution alcoholic

Revision date: 19.06.2020

Product code: 10369_collect

Page 11 of 15

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Method	Value		d	Source	
	Evaluation	-	-			
64-17-5	ethanol, ethyl alcohol					
	other guideline	84%		20	ECHA Dossier	
	Biodegradable.					
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl ketone					
	@1203.B120931	98%		28	ECHA Dossier	
	Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criter	ria).				
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol					
	EU Method C.5/ EU Method C.6	53%		5	ECHA Dossier	
	Easily biodegradable (concerning to the criteria of the OECD)					

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
64-17-5	ethanol, ethyl alcohol	-0,31
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl ketone	0,3
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol	0,05

12.4. Mobility in soil

Ethanol. (CAS-No.: 64-17-5):

Volatility Henry constant: 3,3*10-6 atm. m3/mol;dimension less 1,28*10-4 (Calculation method.) Distribution: Calculation according to: Mackay, EPIWIN: Air. 45,0%; Water. 33,1%; soil: 13,7%; sediment: 0,1%

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No information available.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available.

Further information

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Consult the local waste disposal expert about waste disposal. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. According to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue, allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out in a specific way for every industry and process.

Control report for waste code/ waste marking according to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue:

List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

160506 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals; laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - used product

160506 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals; laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Laborchemikalien & Histologieservice	according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006	
	Staining solution alcoholic	
Revision date: 19.06.2020	Product code: 10369_collect	Page 12 of 15
150110 WASTE PACKAGING; AB PROTECTIVE CLOTHING collected municipal packa hazardous substances; ha		
Contaminated packaging Handle contaminated packages in the recycled.	same way as the substance itself.Non-contaminated packages may be	
SECTION 14: Transport information		
Land transport (ADR/RID)		
<u>14.1. UN number:</u>	UN 1170	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION)	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3	
14.4. Packing group:		
Hazard label:	3	
Classification code:	F1	
Special Provisions:	144 601	
Limited quantity:	1L	
Excepted quantity: Transport category:	E2 2	
Hazard No:	33	
Tunnel restriction code:	D/E	
Inland waterways transport (ADN)		
<u>14.1. UN number:</u>	UN 1170	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION)	
<u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es):</u>	3	
14.4. Packing group:	II	
Hazard label:	3	
Classification code:	F1	
Special Provisions:	144 601	
Limited quantity: Excepted quantity:	1 L E2	
Marine transport (IMDG)	LZ	
<u>14.1. UN number:</u>	UN 1170	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION)	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3	
14.4. Packing group:	о П	
Hazard label:	3	
Special Provisions:	144	

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Revision No: 1,2



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Staining solution alcoholic				
Revision date: 19.06.2020	Product code: 10369 collect	Page 13 of 15		
	-			
Limited quantity: Excepted quantity:	1 L E2			
EmS:	F-E, S-D			
Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)				
<u>14.1. UN number:</u>	UN 1170			
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION)			
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3			
14.4. Packing group:	II			
Hazard label:	3			
Special Provisions:	A3 A58 A180			
Limited quantity Passenger:	1L			
Passenger LQ: Excepted quantity:	Y341 E2			
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:	353			
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	5 L			
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	364			
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	60 L			
14.5. Environmental hazards				
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS:	no			
14.6. Special precautions for user				
Refer to section 6-8				
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex not relevant	II of Marpol and the IBC Code			
SECTION 15: Regulatory information				
15.1. Safety, health and environmental reg	ulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture			
EU regulatory information				
2010/75/EU (VOC):	=< 99% (calculated)			
2004/42/EC (VOC):	=< 780 g/l (calculated)			
Information according to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):	P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS			
Additional information				
The mixture is classified as hazardou REACH 1907/2006 Appendix XVII, N	s according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]. o (mixture): 3, 40			
National regulatory information				
Employment restrictions:	Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juv work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).	enile		
Water hazard class (D):	1 - slightly hazardous to water			
Additional information				
15.2. Chemical safety assessment				
For the following substances of this methanol, ethyl alcohol	nixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:			
propag-2-ol: isopropyl alcohol: isopro	papel			

propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Staining solution alcoholic

Revision date: 19.06.2020

Product code: 10369 collect

Page 14 of 15

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

Rev. 1.00; 05.11.2012, Initial release Rev. 2.00; 19.06.2020, Revision

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route AwSV: Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen AGW: Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert AVV: Abfallverzeichnisverordnung CAS Chemical Abstracts Service CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures DNEL: Derived No Effect Level d: day(s) EAKV: Europäisches Abfallverzeichnis gemäß Entwurf Abfallverzeichnisverordnung EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances ECHA: European Chemicals Agency EWC: European Waste Catalogue IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA) ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO) GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany) h: hour LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level LOAEC: Lowest observed adverse effect concentration LC50: Lethal concentration. 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level NOAEC: No observed adverse effect level NLP: No-Longer Polymers N/A: not applicable OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development PNEC: predicted no effect concentration PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative toxic RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail) REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation of Chemicals SVHC: substance of very high concern TRGS Technische Regeln fuer Gefahrstoffe UN: United Nations VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds VwVwS: Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefaehrdender Stoffe WGK: Wassergefaehrdungsklasse

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
11220	riighig namhable liquiù anu vapour.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Staining solution alcoholic

Revision date: 19.06.2020

Product code: 10369_collect

Page 15 of 15

EUH066

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Further Information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] - Classification procedure:

Health hazards: Calculation method.

Environmental hazards: Calculation method.

Physical hazards: On basis of test data and / or calculated and / or estimated.

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)